

Briefing: Multi-Stakeholder Collaboration in Patient-Reported Outcomes Measurement

Statewide Quality Advisory Committee Meeting
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Briefing: Multi-stakeholder Collaboration in Patient-Reported Outcomes Measurement

- I. About MHQP
- II. Highlights: Spring 2013 MHQP PRO Measurement Meeting
 - Perspectives
 - Issues & Challenges
 - Opportunities for Collaboration
- III. Considerations



About Massachusetts Health Quality Partners



- Established in 1995
- A broad based coalition of physicians, hospitals, health plans, purchasers, patient and public representatives, academics, and government agencies
- MHQP's mission: Drive measureable improvements in health care quality, patients' experiences of care, and use of resources in Massachusetts through patient and public engagement and broad-based collaboration among health care stakeholders

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Quality Measurement Landscape

Provider-Focused Measures

Patient-Centered Measures

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Clinical Quality – Process, Structural and Safety

Examples:

- Recommended care provided for pneumonia, heart failure, heart attack,
- Blood pressure control
- Computer Physician Order Entry (CPOE)
- Patient safety practices

Outcomes

Examples

- Readmissions
- Mortality

Patient Experience

Examples:

- Hospital stay
- Care at your doctor's office

Care

Coordination/Transitions

Examples:

- Medication reconciliation
- Discharge record hospital to home or other care setting

Patient-Reported Outcomes

Area/Examples:

- Health status (physical, social, emotional health – fatigue, pain scale, anxiety depression, social function at school or work)
- Functional status (ability to resume to desired activities of daily living post a hip or knee procedure)

Patient-reported data (questionnaires or surveys)

Patient Reported Outcomes Measurement

Working definition:

Patients' feedback on their feelings about their physical, mental and social health or what they are able to do (functional status) as they are dealing with chronic diseases or conditions; or when they are undergoing a treatment or a procedure

Patient-Reported Outcomes Measurement Area/Examples:

- Health status (physical, social, emotional health – fatigue, pain scale, anxiety depression, social function at school or work)
- Functional status (ability to resume to desired activities of daily living post a surgical procedure)

Patient-Reported Outcomes Measure (PROMs)

 Measure tool or instrument (survey) used to collect Patient Reported Outcomes data

Critical Success Factor: Engaging the Patient

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MHQP Multi-Stakeholder Collaboration in PRO Measurement - Spring 2013 Meeting

- To understand stakeholder perspectives, priorities and current experiences in PRO measurement
- To identify critical issues and challenges faced in advancing PRO measurement work
- To develop next steps and collaborative engagement in PRO measurement to:
 - Provide better care
 - Activate patients in improving their health
 - Align multi-stakeholder resources and objectives

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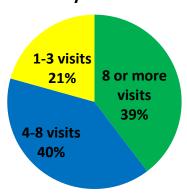
Patient perspectives on patient-reported information

- ~75%-80% of patients reported that:
- Their providers understand their health concerns and goals for improving health
- Their providers ask the kind of questions that help them in understanding their physical, mental and emotional health
- They provide feedback to their provider through questionnaires
- They sometimes or never receive an explanation to the purpose or how the information they provide will be used

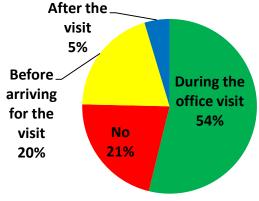


Patients are currently providing feedback to their providers...

Approximately how many visits have you made to a health care provider in the last two years?

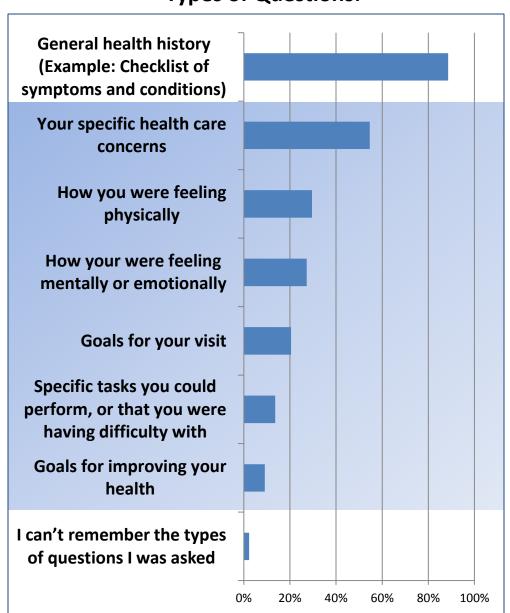


For these visits, have you ever been given a questionnaire about your health?

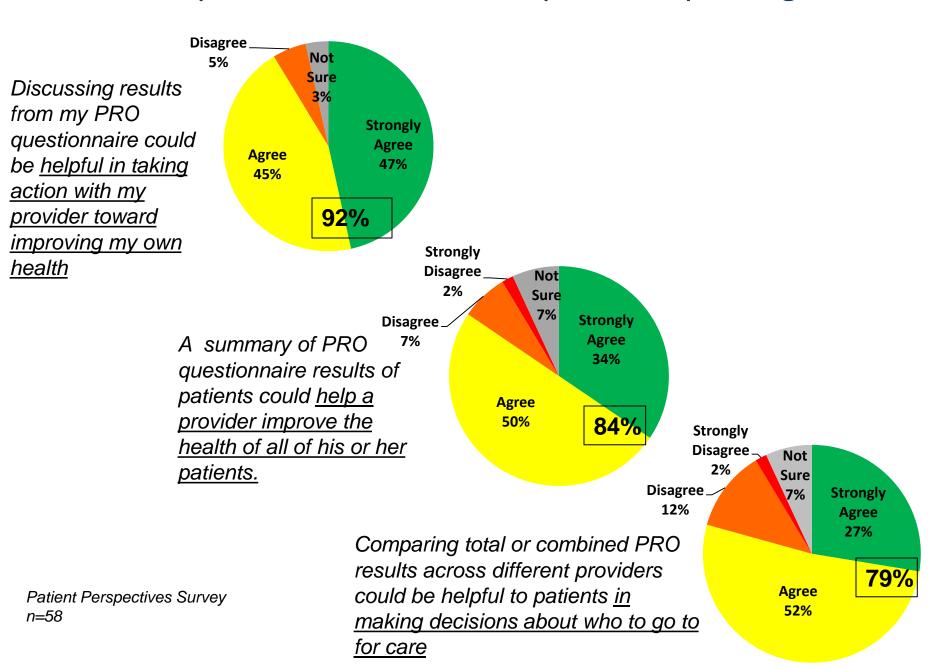


Patient Perspectives Survey n=58

Types of Questions:



Patients Report PROs could be helpful in improving health...



Meeting participants/organizations shared their interest, priorities and activities in PRO measurement

Populations and Conditions/Areas of Interest

- Adults, children and seniors
- Conditions and procedures
 - Depression, Pain management (multiple conditions),
 Asthma, Diabetes, Cancer, Heart Disease,
 Arthritis/joint disease, rare conditions in children
 - Knee and hip replacement, CABG, Bariatric surgery
 - Multiple-conditions, less focus on disease category

Organizational priority for ~70% of participants

About half are actively collecting data

Other half are planning in the next 6-12 mths.

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Types of Patient Reported Outcomes Measures or Instruments (PROMs)

Survey tools in-use or under consideration:

- □ SF-12
- □ PROMIS-10
- PHQ-9 (Mental Health)
- Barthel Index (Activities of daily living)
- Seattle Angina Questionnaire
- Medicare Heath Outcomes Survey (HOS)

Many others to consider.....

Additional considerations:

- Short-forms, profiles, computer adaptive testing
- Specific areas/domains within physical, mental and social health, functioning)

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Proxies, culture and language

Lots of other measures to consider... Patient-Reported Outcomes Measures/Instruments (PROMS)

PROMs under consideration or in use by respondents:

- SF-12
- Barthel Index (activities of daily living)
- PHQ-9 Depression
- PROMIS -10

- Medicare Health Outcomes Survey (VR-12, IADL, Pain)
- Sexual Health in Men (SHIM)
- Multiple Sclerosis Rating Scale
- Dermatology Life Quality Index (DLQI)

- Seattle Angina Questionnaire (SAQ)
- ALS Functional Rating Scale (ALSFRS)
- International Prostate Symptom Score (IPSS)
- Modified Rankin Scale (mRS) (stroke or other neurological disability)

Many others to consider... national and international

- SF-36
- Nottingham Health Profile
- Health Utilities Index (HUI[®])
- Quality of Well Being Self-Administered (QWB-SA) Scale
- EuroQol (EQ-5D)
- PedsQLTM 4.0 Measurement Model

- Adult Asthma Quality of Life Questionnaire (AQLQ)
- Migraine Specific Quality of Life (MSQOL)
- Ankylosing Spondylititis Quality of Life questionnaire (ASQoL)
- Western Ontario and McMaster Universities Arthritis Index (WOMAC)
- Quality of Life in Epilepsy Inventory (QOLIE-89 and QOLIE-31)
- Kidney Disease Quality of Life instrument (KDQOL)

- Hip dysfunction and Osteoarthritis Outcome Score (HOOS)
- National Eye Institute Visual Functioning Questionnaire (NEI VFQ-25)
- Visual Function Index-14 (VF-14), post cataract surgery
- Knee injury and
 Osteoarthritis Outcome Score
 (KOOS)

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Meeting Participant Survey n=18

Key themes and issues...

- PRO measurement is early in its adoption and use in clinical practice
 - Many goals and priorities for PRO measurement
 - Patient engagement is critical
- Incorporating PRO into practice is a major culture change for patients and providers
 - Activation of patient involvement in their care, physician buy-in
 - Patient-provider relationship
 - Practice work-flow
- Measurement concerns: Who? What? How? Then what?
 - Measure validity in research versus practice
 - Limited experiences in collection, unclear standards
- Cost: Time, \$ and ROI
 - Survey fatigue, practice staff resources, collection/technology

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Challenges/Needs

- Understanding and setting provider, patient and other stakeholder priorities or expectations with PRO measurement
- Identifying meaningful and actionable measures
 - Face validity (in practice)
 - Interventions, patient care plans
- Implementing best practices for collection
 - Work flow design, mechanisms/technologies for data capture, frequency in collection
- Funding and participation by multi-stakeholders



Multi-stakeholder Opportunities for Collaboration

- Conduct further understanding of the PRO landscape, active measurement activity and best practices
- Align and leverage patient resources to incorporate authentic patient engagement and involvement in PRO measurement
- Engage multi-stakeholders including patients in the selection of PRO measure(s)
- □ Pilot test:
 - Feasibility of measure/instruments
 - Data collection work flow design or technologies
 - Communication and dissemination of results
 - Action plans, interventions by providers and patients



Draft MHQP Roadmap – Multi-stakeholder Engagement in Advancing PRO Measurement

PRO Measurement Roadmap: Multi-Stakeholder Engagement in Advancing PRO Measurement

Multi-stakeholder Organizations

- PRO 101 (base of information)
- Current practices and lessons learned
- Aligning common efforts and identifying specific priorities/ agenda for collaborative measurement efforts

Patient Stakeholders

- PRO 101 (base of information)
- Developing goals and expectations around PRO measurement
- Aligning patient-focused resources for authentic engagements in informing PRO priorities



Addressing Multi-Stakeholder Priorities

 Leveraging resources to address specific PRO measurement objectives



Engagement

Preparation

Selection of PRO Measures/Instrument(s)
Plans for Implementing Collaborative PRO
Measurement



Multi-Organization Pilot / Feasibility Testing

- Data collection workflow design and collection technologies
- Focus on specific populations, procedures or conditions
- Quality improvement /action ability using PRO results





Adjustments, Adoption, Scaled PRO Measurement

Considerations...

- What are the SQAC priorities and objectives around PRO measurement?
- How can MHQP's commitment to PRO measurement support the SQAC and overall PRO measurement objectives?
- What role can/will the SQAC play as part of the MHQP PROM Roadmap for Massachusetts?



Questions or more information?

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